

## ORGANIC GROWING CALENDAR

### EARLY SEEDLING CULTURE

The purpose of raising some seedlings of warm season crops, indoors, in small individual containers (or trays for multiple crops) is to get an early start for spring planting while waiting for the outside beds to warm up. The two halves of a dissected milk carton, or the depressions in an egg carton are often used, but neither are really suitable: the former is too large to encourage a small root ball that can be grown in four weeks the latter is too small and the wrong shape. Another point against using larger containers than necessary is this: they require large amounts of expensive seed-raising medium. However you can concoct your own mixture by rubbing equal parts of garden compost and sand or sandy loam together - as if you were preparing a cake recipe. Dust with some blood'n'bone meal and stir it in too. Used plastic or foam coffee cups are ideal for starting off climbing beans, tomatoes, cucumbers or pumpkins.

# EPTEMBER

### **PLASTIC TUNNELS**

An excellent technique for warming the soil for early spring planting - thereby extending the season - is to use a plastic tunnel for row crops of warm loving tomatoes, beans, sweet corn and so on. I have made a number of tunnels by shaping 2m lengths of heavy gauge wire or steel rod into hoops to support a length of plastic.

Plastic conduit used by electricians to house cable lines in your home is another excellent material for fashioning into hoops. You may need to soften the conduit beside a radiator before it will bend. Also sharpen each end to penetrate the soil. House studs or other lengths of timber hold down the sides of the plastic tunnel, while house bricks or nicely rounded rocks anchor the ends.



### **WOODEN ROW MARKER**

This is an old fence paling from 1m - 2m long, pointed along one edge to make it easy to slide along cultivated soil, resulting in a nice straight drill a few centimetres deep. Ideal for most flower and vegie seeds. Rock the board from side to side to form a long lasting 'V' depression for effective irrigation.

### PETER CUNDALL'S GUIDE

Spring brings enormous activity. As wattles and other flowering native plants finish blooming, prune away spent flowers. Cuttings taken in autumn will have formed roots by now, so plant some out into the garden, or pot them on for further development. Lime beds which are to grow annuals. Aphids are attacking roses and other plants, so use pyrethrum, a safe spray which will exterminate them. Plant gladioli corms. The tiny, pea-sized cormlets can also be planted to provide future displays. Divide chrysanthernums and other perennials which normally die down in winter. Spread animal manure, blood and bone and organic mulching materials between all shrubs to control weeds while feeding the soil. In warm frost-free districts, most annual plants can be sown either directly or into containers. In cooler districts, seedlings are best raised under glass or in a protected environment, such as a windowsill.

### DIVIDE THE ROOTS OF THE

**FOLLOWING:** AGRIMONY ALOE VERA BERGAMOT

CHIVE

CORSICAN MINT

CURRY PLANT

COSTMARY

**CAMPHOR** 

CHAMOMILE

\*COMFREY

FRENCH TARRAGON

**FEVERFEW** 

GOATS RUE

**GARLIC** 

\*HORSERADISH

HELIOTROPE

LOVAGE

# S P R I N G AUSTRALIAN HERBAL CALENDAR

# LEMON GRASS

LEMON BALM

MINT

**OREGANO** 

**PYRETHRUM** 

PINEAPPLE SAGE

POTATO ONION

SOUTHERNWOOD

SHALLOTS (LIFT AND DRY FIRST)

TREE (EGYPTIAN) ONION

**THYME** 

TANSY

VALERIAN

VIOLET

WELSH ONION (EVERY TWO YEARS)

WORMWOOD

YARROW

\* small pieces of root left behind in the ground will produce new plants in the spring period.

### MANAGEMENT OF CITRUS

Include the lemon tree in your pruning each spring (early). It keeps them neat and uncluttered. Allow good air circulation through the branches, and the sun to touch each fruit. A mature tree could be pruned on a three year basis: this year, shorten back every third limb to 2/3 of its length. Next year, cut another third of the tree, then the third year shorten the remaining limbs. In year four, start the rotation again. Mature passionfruit vines can be pruned in a similar

### RE-ORDER FORM FOR 1992 ORGANIC GROWING CALENDAR

To: The Organic Growing Calendar Tasmanian Environment Centre Inc. 102 Bathurst Street Hobart Tasmania 7000 Telephone (002) 34 5566

Please send me

copies of the Organic Growing Calendar for 1992 at \$7.50 each post paid.

I enclose \*Cheque/Money Order for a total of \$

\*Please make cheques payable to

Tasmanian Environment Centre Inc.

Name